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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/050,552		01/18/2002	Ronaldo Alves Pinto Nagem	LUD-5722 US	4555
24972	7590	11/26/2004		EXAMINER	
		AWORSKI, LLP	NASHED, NASHAAT T		
666 FIFTH AVE NEW YORK, NY 10103-3198				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	- , - · · -	-		1652	
				DATE MAILED: 11/26/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/050,552	NAGEM ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Nashaat T. Nashed, Ph. D.	1652					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>21 September 2004</u> .							
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
, 	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) 6,12-15 and 23 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
dec the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies flot received.							
Attachment(s)							
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:						

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The amendments filed September 20, 2004 and September 21, 2004 have been entered. Accordingly, claims 7-11, 16-22, and 24 have been deleted, and claims 6, 12, 14, and 23 have been amended.

Claims 6, 12-15, and 23 are under consideration as they relate to residues 61, 44, and 102 of SEQ ID NO: 2.

This application contains sequence disclosures that are encompassed by the definitions for nucleotide and/or amino acid sequences set forth in 37 CFR 1.821(a)(1) and (a)(2). However, this application fails to comply with the requirements of 37 CFR 1.821 through 1.825. Specifically, the specification does not identify IL-22 with a sequence identification number at each occurrence; see for example page 4, second paragraph; page 40, first sentence of the first paragraph; and the legend to Tables 4 and 5.

In response to the above objection, applicant amended the claims to introduce the sequence identifier, but not the specification. Applicant argue that there is no requirement that this to be done repeatedly."

Applicants' arguments filed September 20, 2004 have been fully considered, but they are found unpersuasive. The examiner disagrees with the applicants. Rule 1.821, section (d) states:

"Where the description or claims of a patent application discuss a sequence that is set forth in the "Sequence Listing" in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section, reference must be made to the sequence by use of the sequence identifier, preceded by "SEQ ID NO:" in the text of the description or claims, even if the sequence is also embedded in the text of the description or claims of the patent application."

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 6, and 12-15, and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention for the reasons set forth in the prior Office action mailed July 14, 2004.

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In response to the above rejection, applicants traverse the rejection and argue that the claims specify where mutation may occur; and the ability to change one amino acid residue is well known in the art. They further argue that the discussion of the properties elaborated by the examiner are interesting but irrelevant, since no such a properties are recited as requirements in the claims.

Applicants' arguments filed September 20, 2004 have been fully considered, but they are found unpersuasive. The examiner agrees with the applicant that changing one amino acid reside is well known in the prior art, but the claimed invention is not drawn to single mutation. The phrase "comprising at least one amino acid mutation" in claims 6 and 12 does not limit the claim to SEQ ID NO: 2 as the claims read on any other protein having any sequence homology to SEQ ID NO: 2 and made of the commonly found L-amino acids in proteins. Thus, the claims do not define a specific structural-feature for the claimed invention. Also, the claims do not define a functional feature of the claimed mutants. Mutants of IL-22 may or may not have the IL-22 activity. The amendment of claims 6 and 12 by replacing the word "comprising" by "having" and including a functional language for the mutants such as having IL-22 activity would obviate this rejection.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made

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to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 6, and 12-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Dumoutier *et al.* [J. Immunol. (2000) Vol. 164, pages 1814-1819] for the reasons set forth in the prior Office action mailed July 14, 2004.

Claims 6, 12-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over U. S. Patent 6,359,117 ('117).

In response to the prior Office action, applicant amended the claims and stated that the amendment of the claims obviate the art rejections.

Applicants' arguments filed September 20, 2004 have been fully considered, but they are found unpersuasive. Claims 7 and 12 were not included under this rejection in the prior Office action because the elected species of the invention, i. e., residue number 61 is the same in the protein of the prior art and SEQ ID NO: 2 of the instant application. The rejections, however, remain because the variant protein of the prior art includes different residues at positions 44 and 102 from those in SEQ ID NO: 2.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 6, and 12-15 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 2 of U.S. Patent No. 6,359,117 ('117) for the reasons set forth in the prior Office action mailed July 14, 2004.

In response to the prior Office action, applicant amended the claims and stated that the amendment of the claims obviate the art double-patenting rejections.

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Applicants' arguments filed September 20, 2004 have been fully considered, but they are found unpersuasive. Claims 7 and 12 were not included under this rejection in the prior Office action because the elected species of the invention, i. e., residue number 61 is the same in the protein of the prior art and SEQ ID NO: 2 of the instant application. The rejections, however, remain because the variant protein of the prior art includes different residues at positions 44 and 102 from those in SEQ ID NO: 2.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nashaat T. Nashed, Ph. D. whose telephone number is 571-272-0934. The examiner can normally be reached on MTTF.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ponnathapura Achutamurthy can be reached on 571-272-0928. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Nashaat T. Nashed, Ph. D.

Primary Examiner

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